

HEALING THROUGH GROWTH: YOUTH GARDENING, GENERATIONAL TRAUMA, AND COMMUNITY EMPOWERMENT

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OUR MISSION:

To promote, protect, and improve the health and safety of all Hoosiers.

OUR VISION:

Every Hoosier reaches optimal health regardless of where they live, learn, work, or play.



Introductions



Megan Paskey
Community Food Systems
Coordinator, IDOH
Division of Nutrition and
Physical Activity



Jenna Sperry
Child Wellness
Coordinator, IDOH
Division of Nutrition and
Physical Activity



Victoria Beaty
Executive Director,
Growing Places Indy







What is Trauma?

Individual Trauma:

- Event(s) or circumstances that are perceived as physically or emotionally harmful to an individual
- Has lasting adverse effects on functioning and mental, physical, social, emotional or spiritual wellbeing

Community Trauma:

- Affects social groups that have been long subjected to interpersonal violence, structural violence, and historical harms
- Caused by "root causes of social inequities, including poverty, racism, sexism, oppression and power dynamics, and the erasure of culture and communities" Urban Institute





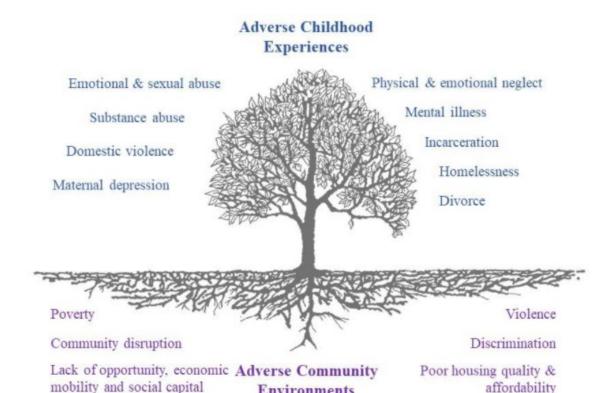
Impacts of Trauma

Individual trauma can increase the risk of:

- Depression
- Maladaptive coping strategies (e.g., substance misuse, unhealthy eating, etc.)
- Chronic health conditions (e.g., heart disease)

Community trauma can:

- Create conditions that contribute to individual trauma
- Be passed down through generations
- Limit available resources
- Impede communities from flourishing



THE PAIR OF ACES TREE

SOURCE: ELLIS, W. & DIETZ, W. (2017). A NEW FRAMEWORK FOR ADDRESSING ADVERSE CHILDHOOD AND ADVERSE COMMUNITY EXPERIENCES: THE BUILDING COMMUNITY RESILIENCE MODEL. ACADEMIC PEDIATRICS, 17(7S), S86-S92.

Environments





Trauma in Children & Adolescents

Prevalence:

- More than two-thirds of children experience at least one traumatic event by age 16
- At least one in seven children have experienced abuse and/or neglect in the past year

At school, children with three or more ACEs are:

- Five times more likely to have attendance issues
- Six times more likely to have behavior problems
- Three times more likely to experience academic failure

Some behaviors of trauma-exposed students:

- Inability to regulate emotions (may seem impulsive, defiant, and/or aggressive)
- Appear disconnected or disinterested
- Perfectionism
- Delays in developing social skills











What is Trauma-Informed Care?

"Trauma-informed care understands and considers the pervasive nature of trauma and promotes environments of healing and recovery rather than practices and services that may inadvertently re-traumatize." – University of Buffalo

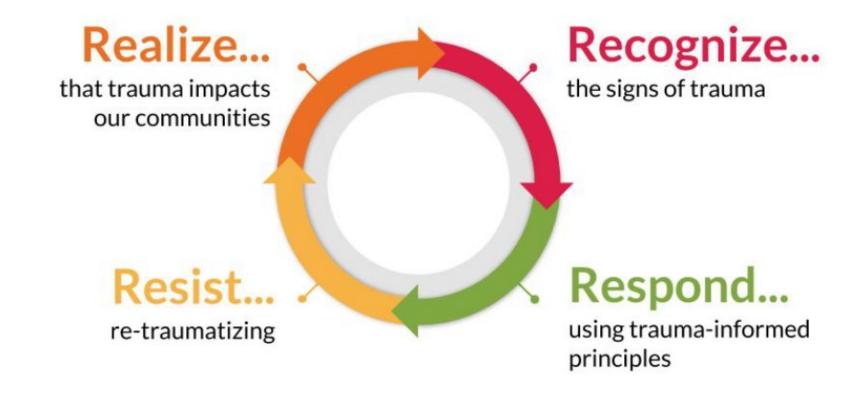
Trauma-informed care (TIC):

- Assumes people are more likely than not to have a history of trauma
- Strives to understand the whole individual
- Recognizes the symptoms of trauma and the role it can play in someone's life
- Changes organizational culture to emphasize respect
- Requires systems change (i.e., policy, procedure, and practice change)
- Does not treat symptoms of abuse directly, but provides support in an appropriate way as to not retraumatize





Key Assumptions of a Trauma-Informed Approach

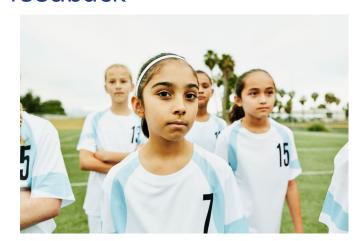




What Can Retraumatize?

Systems:

- Being treated as a number
- Being labeled
- Having no choice in services
- Having no opportunity to provide feedback



Relationships:

- Use of oppressive language
- Does things for rather than with
- Violating trust
- Noncollaboration
- Punitive treatment
- Use of coercion



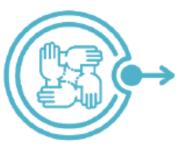




Key Principles of a Trauma-Informed Approach













1. SAFETY

Is my wellbeing at risk? 2. TRUSTWORTHINESS & TRANSPARENCY

Are the people who say they will help me, actually helping me?

3. PEER SUPPORT

Am I alone in this?

4. COLLABORATION & MUTUALITY

Are you
"with me"
rather than
directing me
and having
power over
me?

5. EMPOWERMENT VOICE & CHOICE

Can I have a say in what happens to me?

6. CULTURAL, HISTORICAL, & GENDER ISSUES

Will you acknowledge my experiences and beliefs and treat me with respect and dignity?









Trauma-Informed Schools

10 Core Areas:

- 1. Policies to identify and assess traumatic stress in students
- 2. Supports for prevention and intervention related to trauma
- 3. Trauma education and awareness (routine and for all)
- 4. Partner with students and families
- 5. Create a trauma-informed learning 10. Cross-system collaboration and environment

- 6. Cultural responsiveness
- 7. Create an emergency management or crisis response system
- 8. Staff self-care training and support for secondary traumatic stress
- 9. Prevention-based school discipline policies and practices
- community partnerships











Trauma-Informed Care

What is Farm to School?

Kids Win, Farmers Win, Communities Win!

Farm to school enriches the connection communities have with fresh, healthy food and local food producers by changing food purchasing and education practices at schools and early care and education sites. Students gain access to healthy, local foods as well as education opportunities such as school gardens, cooking lessons and farm field trips.





What is Farm to School?

Farm to school implementation differs by location but always includes one or more of the following:

Procurement: Local foods are purchased, promoted and served in the cafeteria or as a snack or taste-test

School gardens: Students engage in hands-on learning through gardening

Education: Students participate in education activities related to agriculture, food, health or nutrition

Farm to ECE: Farm to Early Care and Education applies the above topic areas to children ages 0 to 5 years old





Benefits of School Gardening

- Fosters hands-on learning environment
- Allows for student movement and enables sensory exploration
- Provides a setting of responsibility
- Increased frequency of positive emotions
- Development of social emotional skills such as cooperation, sharing, and empathy
- Can explore diversity of diets, culture, traditions, and more
- Increased nutritional awareness
- Increased understanding of science-based concepts

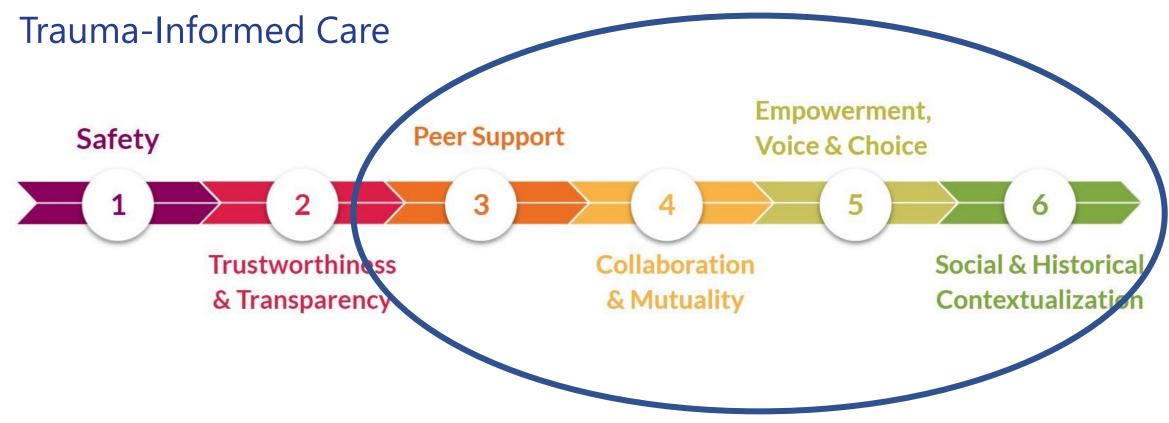


Source: Kid's Place Childcare, Gary, IN



Farm to School + Trauma-Informed Care

What is missing in traditional school garden settings?







Adapted From:



What is Peer Support?

- Support participants to build connections with each other and share strategies, skills, and resources
- Use peer support and mutual self-help as key program vehicles to establish safety and hope, build trust, enhance collaboration, and center lived experience







What is Collaboration and Mutuality?

- Recognize that people are the experts of their own lives
- Recognize that health and well-being require quality relationships and meaningful power-sharing and decision-making
- Build partnerships with co-workers and colleagues, along with participants
- Level power differences between staff and participants

Children are the experts of their experiences and lives! This concept is not reserved for adults.







Developing Peer Support & Collaboration and Mutuality

Establish community and social connections

- Remove competition
- Use community building language
- Team building activities
- Routine
- Appreciations
- Food sharing

Intentional structure

- Remove ownership
- Establish communication strategies







What is Empowerment, Voice, and Choice?



- Recognize all people as wise, creative and resourceful
- Incorporate an understanding of how individual and community voice and choice have been historically diminished, then seek to mitigate that impact
- Support everyone's dignity and ability to shape their own lives by emphasizing strengths, autonomy, and self-advocacy







Empowerment, Voice and Choice

- Leadership Opportunities and Highlighting Strengths
- Building and Using Empowering Language
- Avoiding Power Struggles

Children thrive when feeling a sense of belonging, ownership, and that they are succeeding!



What is Social and Historical Contextualization?

- Seek to move past cultural and gender stereotypes and biases
- Be responsive to community needs and experiences and leverage the healing value of cultural traditions and communities of belonging
- Incorporate policies, protocols, and processes that are responsive to people's gendered, ethnic, and cultural needs, while recognizing and addressing historical trauma









Social and Historical Contextualization

- Understanding the history of growing and caring for land within the United States and how the resulting trauma impacts students, families, and communities
- Honor the work of farming and land working
- Recognize your implicit bias
- Invite the whole person

Multigenerational trauma impacts students through their environments, epigenetics, and more.





Overlap in Activities

Farm to School Activities with Gardens

- Taste testing
- Reading diverse books on agriculture and nutrition topics
- Dedicated time in the garden space
- Teamwork environment

Trauma-Informed Activities in Gardens

- Food sharing
- Exploring culture in the garden and classroom
- Intentional "opening" and "closing" of time in the space
- Community environment through language, leadership responsibilities, and shoutouts



Positive Outcomes of Trauma-Informed Gardening

Traditional:

- Increased attention span due to increased physical activity
- Increased accommodation of diverse learning styles
- Development of social emotional skills
- Foundational understand of nutrition and agricultural and other science-based concepts

Additional Outcomes from Trauma-Informed Care:

- Empowerment
- Belonging
- Ownership



GROWING PLACES INDY

Our mission is to empower people to cultivate individual, family, and community wellness through urban agriculture, access to fresh local food, and mind-body education.

Who is Victoria Beaty?

 For five years, I worked for one of the largest brands in the world, McDonald's.

 In 2018, I quit my job in my leadership position and decided to immerse myself in the Indianapolis food system.



Who is Victoria Beaty?



- Selected Growing Places Indy Apprenticeship Program summer of 2018
- Enrolled in Purdue Extension Urban
 Agriculture Certificate program, 2018
- Hired as Market Manager end of 2018
- Started as the Executive Director of Growing Places indy in December 2019

History of Growing Places Indy

Growing Places Indy was founded in the fall of 2009 by Laura Henderson. The first growing season began in the summer of 2010 with Laura and three colleges and two high school students; this was the initial programming effort of Growing Places Indy. In 2011, Laura decided to incorporate her training as a yoga instructor into the program.



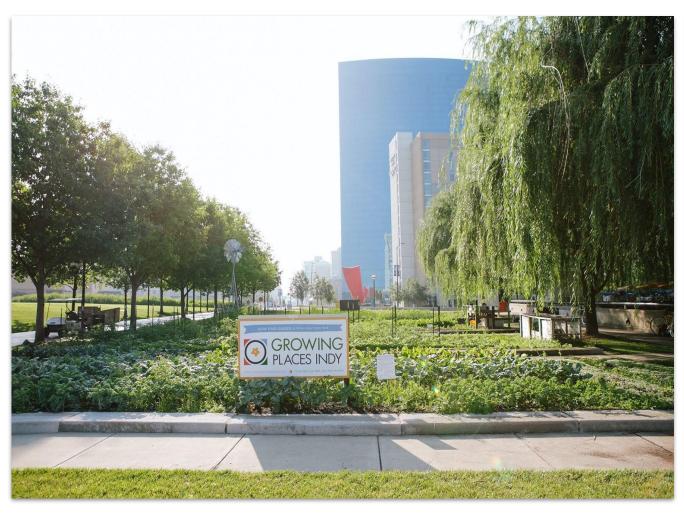
History of Growing Places Indy

Since 2009, our operations have expanded to:

- Four urban farms across Indianapolis, equaling nearly two acres, as well as two greenhouses in year-round production.
- A summer farm stand, the Indy Winter Farmers
 Market (IWFM), a CSA program, an on-site farm
 stand, and an online store.
- Offers free educational for experienced farmers to all ages, including after-school and summer camp programs, family cooking and nutrition classes, hands-on volunteer opportunities, tours, workshops.

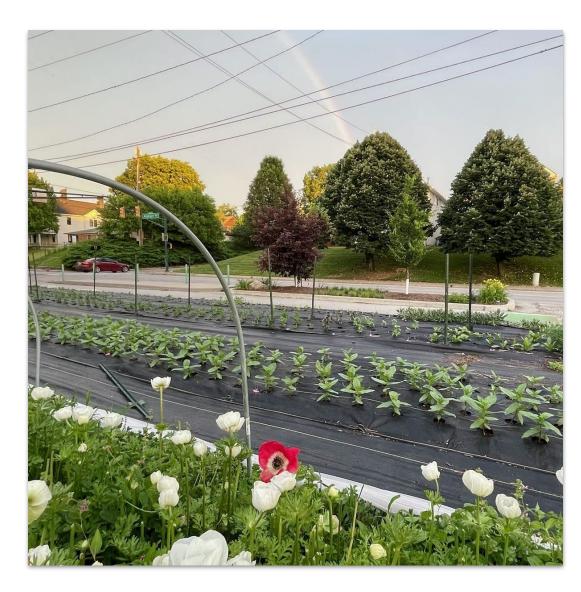


Where We Grow





Where We Grow







Young Grow Getters



DID YOU KNOW?

One in three Hoosier children ages 10-17 are overweight or obese (33.9%). While childhood obesity presents a concern nationally, this issue is especially relevant in Indiana.

Hoosier children are 14.9% more likely to be obese than their peers nationwide. This ranks Indiana as the 9th highest rate of childhood overweight and obesity. In comparison to all neighboring states, Indiana has the highest rate.



Young Grow Getters is a paid, sixweek intensive hands-on youth agriculture program led by industry professionals in sustainable farming, culinary arts, food production, and technology, offering real-world experience and career-readiness skills through urban agriculture.

The program is created specifically for high school students ages 15-18 years old in Marion County interested in urban farming and STEM. Our program is open to all high school students, but we give priority to those students who come from underserved communities.





The program is structured as a paid, 6-week intensive hands-on experience that offers real-world experience and career readiness skills. Students are immersed in STEM-based curricula through this program as they learn about the critical relationship between agriculture and science.

FARMING WHILE BLACK I AND PANNIMAN

"STEWARDING OUR OWN LAND, GROWING OUR OWN FOOD, EDUCATING OUR OWN YOUTH, PARTICIPATING IN OUR OWN HEALTHCARE AND JUSTICE SYSTEMS," PENNIMAN WRITES, "THIS IS THE SOURCE OF REAL POWER AND DIGNITY."







How You Can Help

- Volunteer with us
- Share our story
- Donate





QUESTIONS?



Main Takeaways

- Trauma can occur on the individual and community levels and can have a range of negative effects on children and adolescents.
- Trauma-informed care is an approach that can create an educational environment that promotes healing and prevents re-traumatization.
- Gardening, specifically community gardens, can play a role in individual and community level healing.
- Trauma-informed gardens, even through small changes, can support students' social emotional well-being.



Questions?

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Victoria@growingplaces.com



Resources

- Indiana Grown for Schools Network: https://www.ingrown4schools.com/
- National Farm to School Network: https://www.farmtoschool.org/
- Leah's Pantry: https://www.leahspantry.org/
- SAMHSA: https://www.samhsa.gov/childrens-awareness-day/past-events/2018/child-traumatic-stress-resources
- Thriving Schools: https://thrivingschools.kaiserpermanente.org/
- The National Child Traumatic Stress Network: https://www.nctsn.org/
- University of Buffalo: https://socialwork.buffalo.edu/social-research/institutes-centers/institute-on-trauma-and-trauma-informed-care/Trauma-Informed-Organizational-Change-Manual0.html

